

PECICAF, K.

"Solution of disturbances in rotation of flat seams by horizontal projection. p. 14."

RUDY. Praha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 7, no. 1, Jan. 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 6, Jun 59, Unclas.

RECICAR, Karol

Kolme premietanie na jednu priemetnu a jeho aplikacie. (Vertical Projection on One Projection Plane and Its Applications. a university textbook. 2d rev. ed. illus., bibl.) Bratislava, SVTL, 1957. 209 p. Vol. 200 of the series Dočasne vysokoskolske ucebnice (Temporary university textbooks.)

Bibliograficky katalog, CSP, Slovenske knihy, Vol.VIII. 1957. No.9. p.276)

REJHOVA, I.L.

7

✓ 2519. Determination of butoxyl groups in butanol-modified phenolic resins. Z. Dřevch. I. Rejchová and V. Ubrich (Výzkumný ústav syntetických hmot, Pardubice, Czechoslovakia). *Chem. Listy*, 1956, 49 (8), 869-871. The existing methods for the semi-micro determination of butoxyl groups in butanol-modified phenolic resins have been re-examined and the Zeisel method, carried out under the following conditions, was found to be best: heating-bath temp. 175°C, cooling-water temp. 40°C, reaction time 3 hr. from the time the hydriodic acid begins to boil, and titration with 0.02 or 0.05 N Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>. Butyl phenylcarbamate is used for standardisation. G. GLAZER

3

M.A. VOUTZ

copies

RM

RECK, Julitta; STACHURSKA, Irena

Diagnostic difficulties in cases of smallpox during the Wroclaw epidemic in 1963. Wiad. lek. 18 no.7:557-563 1 Ap '65

1. Ze Szpitala Obserwacyjnego na Psim Polu we Wroclawiu (Kierownik: lek. med. J. Reck) i ze Szpitala Chorob Zakaznych we Wroclawiu (Dyrektor: lek. med. J. Cywicki).

COUNTRY : CZECHOSLOVAKIA H  
CATEGORY : Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and  
Their Applications. Instruments and Automation  
AGS. JOUR. : RZKhim., No. 23 1959, No. 82571  
AUTHOR : Soucek, R.; Recka, A.  
TITLE : Continuous Recording Colorimetric Analyzer  
for the Control of Oxygen Content in the Inert  
Gases  
ORIG. PUB. : Chem. průmysl, 1959, 3, No 2, 71-75  
ABSTRACT : Described is a photoelectric colorimeter de-  
veloped by the authors for the determination  
of O<sub>2</sub> in the inert gases. The range of deter-  
minations is from 0.002 to 0.03 vol.% O<sub>2</sub>, sen-  
sitivity of 0.0005 vol % O<sub>2</sub>.  
-- Ye. Stefanovskiy.

CARD:

1/1

RECKA, A., SOUREK, R.

A continuous colorimetric analyzing apparatus for checking low concentrations of nitrogen oxide in coke-oven gas. p. 258.

PALIVA. (Ministerstvo paliv a Ceskoslovenska vedecka technicka spolecnost pro vyuziti paliv pri Ceskoslovenske akademii ved) Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 39, no. 8, August 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 11, November 1959.

uncl.

ALFONS REČKA

Continuous colorimetric analyzing apparatus and recorder for oxygen in inert gases. Rudolf Sourek and Alfons Rečka. *Chem. průmysl* 9, 71-5(1959).--The method is based on reaction of O with Na anthraquinone-2-sulfonate, which is colorless in oxidized form and red in reduced form. The app. consists of absorbers, a flowmeter, and a recording millivoltmeter. Visually the increase due to O could be measured by a colorimeter with blue photocells and a green filter. Dctn. of O in the range 0.002 to 0.03% by vol. is accurate to 0.0005% by vol. Jos. Lederer

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

15

sa

The chemical basis of the fungicidal action of vineyard sulfur. Paul Reckendorfer. *Z. Pflanzenkrankh. Pflanzenschutz* 45, 537-50(1935); *Chem. Zentr.* 1936, I, 2185.—By means of the benzidine reaction of Feigl and Fränkel evidence was obtained to indicate that in the fungicidal action of O compds. of S the elementary S plays a definite part (evolution of SO<sub>2</sub> from S exposed to the sun's rays). It is still an open question whether the SO<sub>2</sub> is to be regarded as the final condition of the fungicide or whether the oxidation proceeds by a round about manner with the SO<sub>2</sub> as an intermediate product having more or less decided action. M. C. Moore

METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

COMMON ELEMENTS  
COMMON VARIETIES INDEX  
OPEN  
MATERIALS INDEX

ASTM A 100  
ASTM A 101  
ASTM A 102  
ASTM A 103  
ASTM A 104  
ASTM A 105  
ASTM A 106  
ASTM A 107  
ASTM A 108  
ASTM A 109  
ASTM A 110  
ASTM A 111  
ASTM A 112  
ASTM A 113  
ASTM A 114  
ASTM A 115  
ASTM A 116  
ASTM A 117  
ASTM A 118  
ASTM A 119  
ASTM A 120  
ASTM A 121  
ASTM A 122  
ASTM A 123  
ASTM A 124  
ASTM A 125  
ASTM A 126  
ASTM A 127  
ASTM A 128  
ASTM A 129  
ASTM A 130  
ASTM A 131  
ASTM A 132  
ASTM A 133  
ASTM A 134  
ASTM A 135  
ASTM A 136  
ASTM A 137  
ASTM A 138  
ASTM A 139  
ASTM A 140  
ASTM A 141  
ASTM A 142  
ASTM A 143  
ASTM A 144  
ASTM A 145  
ASTM A 146  
ASTM A 147  
ASTM A 148  
ASTM A 149  
ASTM A 150  
ASTM A 151  
ASTM A 152  
ASTM A 153  
ASTM A 154  
ASTM A 155  
ASTM A 156  
ASTM A 157  
ASTM A 158  
ASTM A 159  
ASTM A 160  
ASTM A 161  
ASTM A 162  
ASTM A 163  
ASTM A 164  
ASTM A 165  
ASTM A 166  
ASTM A 167  
ASTM A 168  
ASTM A 169  
ASTM A 170  
ASTM A 171  
ASTM A 172  
ASTM A 173  
ASTM A 174  
ASTM A 175  
ASTM A 176  
ASTM A 177  
ASTM A 178  
ASTM A 179  
ASTM A 180  
ASTM A 181  
ASTM A 182  
ASTM A 183  
ASTM A 184  
ASTM A 185  
ASTM A 186  
ASTM A 187  
ASTM A 188  
ASTM A 189  
ASTM A 190  
ASTM A 191  
ASTM A 192  
ASTM A 193  
ASTM A 194  
ASTM A 195  
ASTM A 196  
ASTM A 197  
ASTM A 198  
ASTM A 199  
ASTM A 200

HOJA, Stefan; RECKENDORFER, L'udovít

A simple laboratory exposimeter for microphotography and microcinematography. *Biologia* 17 no.3:223-227 '62.

1. Katedra biologie a Katedra fyziologie Lekarskej fakulty Univerzity Komenskeho v Bratislave.

(MICROFILMING equip & supplies)  
(CINEFLUOROGRAPHY equip & supplies)

RECKER, W.

"Baby-Type First Presses In A Paper Machine" p. 107. (Przegląd Papierniczy, Vol..9, no. 4, Apr. 1953, Lodz)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol.3, No.2, Library of Congress, Feb. 1954

Recker, W.

3063

676.33.05

Recker W. Machinery and Equipment for the Production of Sized Cardboard.

„Maszyny i urządzenia do produkcji kartonu ilustracyjnego”.  
Przegląd Papirniczy. No. 10, 1953, pp. 289-294, 8 figs., 1 tab.

A description of the functioning and installation of 1) machines with two or three flat wire strainers for the production of sized cardboard, weighing up to 500 g/m<sup>2</sup>. 2) Complex machines with flat and cylindrical wire strainers for the production of sized cardboard weighing over 500 g/m<sup>2</sup>. 3) Machines with cylindrical wire strainers only, for the production of thick cardboard for cartons, turning out 109-110 tons per 24 hours at the rate of 136 m/min.

RECKOVA, Olga, Dr.

Notes on therapy with hypnotic sleep. Neur.psychiat.cesk. 18 no.3:  
211-214 May 55.

1. Statni psychiatricka lecebna, Kromeriz, red. MUDr Al.Pliskal  
(HYPNOSIS, therapeutic use  
mental disord.)  
(MENTAL DISORDERS, therapy  
hypnotic sleep)

RECLUS, E. [Reclus, E.].

The teaching of geography. Geog. v shkole 20 no.6:23-26 N-D '57.  
(Geography--Study and teaching) (MIRA 10:12)

RFDNIK, Franjo (Maribor)

Condensed phosphates in practice. Tekstil Zagreb 13 no.11:953-  
956 N 164.

YUGOSLAVIA/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their  
Applications. Water Treatment. Sewage.

F

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 8, 1959, 27916.

Author : Rečnik, F.

Last :

Title : Water Requirements of the Textile Industry.

Orig Pub: Tekstil, 7, No 3, 199-205 (1958) (in Serbo-Croat)

Abstract: The author lists the purity standards which must be met by water used in a variety of applications in the textile industry (boiler feed, bleaching, washing, dyeing, production of viscose yarn). -- T. Brzhevskaya.

Card : 1/1

RECNİK, F.

Sizing of warp. p. 21.

Periodical: TEKSTİL

Vol. 8, no. 1, Jan. 1959.

TECHNOLOGY

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC

Vol. 8, no. 4  
April 1959, Uncl.

YUGOSLAVIA./Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their  
Applications. Water Treatment. Sewage.

ii

Abstr Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 8, 1959, 27916.

Author : Rocnik, F.

List :

Title : Water Requirements of the Textile Industry.

Orig Pub: Tekstil, 7, No 3, 199-205 (1958) (in Serbo-Croat)

Abstract: The author lists the purity standards which must be met by water used in a variety of applications in the textile industry (boiler feed, bleaching, washing, dyeing, production of viscose yarn). -- T. Brzhevskaya.

Card : 1/1

RECOGZI, E.

SCIENCE

PERIODICALS: ~~ACTA ZOOLOGICA. VOL. 10, No. 3, 1958~~  
GEODEZIA ES KARTOGRAFIA Vol. 10, No. 3, 1958

Recogzi, E. New Italian relief maps. p. 223

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No.2,  
February 1959, Unclass.

RECNIK, Franjo

Methods of differentiating oxycellulose from hydrocellulose  
in cellulose materials. Tekstil Zagreb 18 no. 1: 21-25  
Ja '64.

RECSEI, Jozsef

Two industrial fairs as seen by a furniture expert. Faipar 10  
no.7:213 J1 '60.

139, 1.

New basic materials in the furniture industry. p. 139. FALIAN.  
(Falpari Tudományos Egyesület) Budapest. Vol. 6, no. 5, May 1956.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress  
Vol. 5, no. 8, August 1956

RECSEI, J.

RECSEI, J. The Angyalfold Furniture Factory becomes the "Outstanding Plant" for the third time in 1954. p. 381. Vol. 4, no. 12, Dec. 1954. EAI PAR. Budapest, Hungary.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEL) Vol. 6, No. 4--April 1957

JANROG, Dariusz; RECZEK, Janina; SOCZKOWSKA, Zofia

Replacement of daily sampling with a single-stage test in the study of lead excretion in exposed workers. Med. pracy 16 no.2:96-101 '65

1. Ze Stacji Sanitarno-Epidemiologicznej dla m. Warszawy (Dyrektor: dr. J. Letki).

RACSENYI, Tibor

More instruments should be given to agricultural experts.  
Mezogazd techn 1 no.10:26 '61.

RECSENYI, Tibor, Dr.

Bauxite cement. Musz elet 17 no.9:11 Ap '62.

GARTNER, Pal, dr.,; REUTER, Carmen, dr.,; RECSEY, Bela, dr.

Alcohol-withdrawal by reflex conditioning. Orv. hetil. 96 no.36:  
1000-1003 4 Sept 55.

1. A Fovarosí Korányi Frigyes és Sandor Korhaz (igaz:Petho Imre  
dr.) Elme- és Idegosztalyanak (foorvos: Gartner Pal dr.) kozl.  
(ALCOHOLISM, therapy,  
conditioned reflex withdrawal technic)  
(REFLEX, CONDITIONED,  
conditioned withdrawal in alcoholism)

*RECSEY BEIA, Dr.*

RECSEY BEIA, Dr.

Chronic meningoencephalitis caused by *Cryptococcus neoformans*.  
Orv. hetil. 98 no. 40: 1108-1109 6 Oct 57.

1. A Fovarosi Koranyi Frigyes es Sandor Kozkorhaz (igazgato: Petho Imre dr.) Ideg- Elmeosztalyanak (foorvos: Gartner Pal dr.) kozlomenye.  
(MENINGOENCEPHALITIS, etiol. & pathogen.

*Cryptococcus neoformans*, chronic case, diag. & ther. (Hun))  
(CRYPTOCOCCOSIS, case reports  
meningoencephalitis, chronic, caused by *Cryptococcus neoformans*, diag. & ther. (Hun))

RECKSI, Andras

Calculation of the optimum tapping of ferrite antennas.  
Radiotechnika 13 no.8:316-317 Ag '63.

1. Budapest V. Uttoahaz radio szakkore.

RECSKI, Jozsef

How should we direct the work of the political schools?  
Munka 12 no.9:15 S '62.

1. Szakszervezetek Országos Tanácsa kulturális osztályának munkatársa.

KOSSOWSKI, Stanislaw; RECZEK, Halina; KUSTRZYCKA, Helena

Stewart's tumors in the oral cavity. Otolaryngologia polska 15 no.3:327-331  
'61.

1. Z Kliniki Laryngologicznej AM we Wroclawiu Kierownik: prof. dr  
W. Jankowski.

(MOUTH neoplasms)

RECZEK, Halina; DRAK, Juliusz

Conservative treatment of mechanical perforation of the intrathoracic esophagus. Otolaryngol. polska 11 no.4:391-396 1957.

1. Z Klin. Laryngologicznej A. M. we Wrocławiu. Kierownik: prof. W. Jankowski i z III Klin. Chirurgicznej A. M. we Wrocławiu. Kierownik: doc. Z. Jezioro.

(ESOPHAGUS, perf.  
management (Pol))

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec II Vol. 11/8 O.R.L. Aug. 58

1387. CONSERVATIVE TREATMENT OF MECHANICAL PERFORATIONS OF THE INTRATHORACIC SECTION OF THE OESOPHAGUS - W sprawie zachowawczego leczenia mechanicznych przedziurawień śródkiłkowego odcinka przełyku - Reczek H. and Drak J. Klin. Laryngol. i III Klin. Chir. A. M., Wrocław - OTOLARYNG. POL. 1957, 11/4 (391-396) Illus. 9

For illustration of the value of the conservative treatment in the era of antibiotics, the authors describe 2 cases of perforation of the intra-thoracic section of the oesophagus, healed by the method. The first of the cases described was treated conservatively due to the poor general condition caused by phlegmon of the mediastinum. In the second case, diametrically opposed, diagnosed at an earlier date thanks to the rapid starting of treatment with antibiotics, severe complications were avoided on the part of the mediastinum and the pleural cavity. In both cases good remote therapeutic results were noted. The authors in their conclusions emphasize the possibility of obtaining good results with a conservative treatment in suitably selected cases. (XI, 19)

BELOWSKI, H.; RECZEK, H.

Suture of perforations in the cervical portion of the esophagus. Polski przegl. chir. 30 no.7:767-770 July 58.

I. Z I Kliniki Chirurgicznej Kierownik: prof. dr K. Czyzewski oraz z Kliniki Laryngologicznej A. M. we; Wroclawiu Kierownik: prof. dr W. Jankowski. Adres autora; Wroclaw, ul Poniatowskiego 2, I. Klinika Chirurgiczna A.M.

(ESOPHAGUS, perf.

cervical, surg., primary suture (Pol))

KANIOWSKI, Tadeusz; RECZEK, Halina

Mucocele. Polski przeł. radiol. 20 no.6:323-333 Nov-Dec 56.

1. Z Kliniki Radiologicznej A.M. we Wrocławiu. Kierownik: doc. dr. Z. Kubrakiewicz. Z Kliniki Chorob Nosa, Uszu i Gardła A.M. we Wrocławiu, Kierownik prof. dr. W. Hankowski. Wrocław, Plac Grunwaldzki 72/3.

(NASAL CAVITY, diseases,  
mucocele (Pol))

MICDUSZEWSKI, Waldemar, mgr inż.; RECZEK, Jan, mgr inż.; SOKOŁOWSKI,  
Janusz, mgr inż.; WOLSKI, Wojciech, dr inż.

Possibilities of applying isotope methods to the supervision  
of bank consolidation in hydraulic engineering. Gosp wodna  
24 no. 2:51-54 F '64.

1. Katedra Gruntoznawstwa i Budownictwa Ziarnego, Szkoła  
Główna Gospodarstwa Wiejskiego, Warszawa.

RENN, J.

Lubrication of rails in curves. Przeład Drog. Dodatek.

P. 7. (PRZEGLAD KOLEJOWY DROGOWY) (Warszawa, Poland) Vol. 10, no. 1, Jan. 1958

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accession (EEAI) LC Vol. 7, No. 5, 1958

RECZEK, Włodzimierz; PIJANOWSKI, R.

Problems of motor touring. Motor 11 no.49:3 9 D '62.

1. Przewodniczacy Głównego Komitetu Kultury Fizycznej, Warszawa (for Reczek).
2. Prezes Zarządu Głównego Polskiego Związku Motorowego, Warszawa (for Pijanowski).

RECZEY, E.

TECHNOLOGY

PERIODICAL: MAGYAR EPITOIPAR. Vol. 7, no. 7, July 1958

Reczey, E. Foreign machines for the building industry, p. 287.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2,  
February 1959, Unclass.

RECZEY, Gusztav, dr.

Conference on drying. Energia es atom 14 no.4/5:234-236  
My 1961.

1. Ut Vasutervezo Vallalat.

ONODI, Attila, okl.gepeszmernok; RECZEY, Gusztav, Dr.,okl.gepeszmernok

Mathematical methods for the global estimation of power requirements. *Energia es atom* 15 no.4:152-157 Ap '62.

1. Orszagos Energiagazdalkodasi Hatosag.

RECZEY, Gusztav

Possibilities for numerical determination of economic obsolescence.  
Stat szemle 37 no.4:384-394 Ap '59.

PEREDY, Sandor; MONATH, Lajos; RAPELIUS, Karl (Leipzig); CALLENBERG, Waldemar (Leipzig); LIPKA, Ceslav (Praha); FREIBERGER, Rudolf, dr. ing. (Praha); SCHENKEL, Gerhard, dr. ing. (Karlsruhe); MIKULSKI, Jan, dr. ing. (Katowice); PRATZSCHER, Wolfgang, dr. ing. (Drezda); BENEDEK, Istvan; CUKOR, Gyorgy; SAGI, Marton; SOVARY, Emil; NAGY, Csaba (Roman Nepkoztarsasag); ELEFTERESCU, M. (Roman Nepkoztarsasag); KOVACS, Istvan (Roman Nepkoztarsasag); LAZAR, Peter, dr.; MEJRO, Cz., prof. (Varso); KOKOVAY, Janos, dr.; SCHAEFER, Helmuth, dr. ing. (Karlsruhe); BORBAS, Nandor; GRUHN, Gunther, Dipl. ing. (Drezda); SZABO, Bendeguz; GYORI, Attila; MOLNAR, Laszlo; RECZEY, Gusztav, dr.

Determination and application of specific power utilization indexes. Ipari energia 3 no.1/2:15-22 Ja-F '62.

1. Koho- es Gepipari Miniszterium Ipargazdasagi es Uzemszervezesi Intezete (for Peredy).
2. Obudai Hajogyar (for Monath).
3. Orszagos Energiagazdalkodasi Hatosag (for Benedek and Reczey).
4. Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Kozgazdasagtudomanyi Intezete (for Cukor and Sagi).
5. Eromu Tervezo Iroda (for Sovary).
6. Konnyuipari Miniszterium (for Kokovay).
7. Voros Csillag Traktorgyar (for Borbas).
8. Kobanyai Muanyaggyar (for Szabo).
9. Koho- es Gepipari Miniszterium Energiacsztaly (for Molnar).

REGZEY, Gusztav, dr. techn.

New method for the territorial distribution of energy  
carriers. Energia es atom 17 no.4:173-176 Ap'64

RECZEY, Gusztav, dr.; BURKUS, Ferenc

Mobile asphalt mixers. Jarmu mezo gep 9 no.6:230-236 J6 '62.

1. Ut-Vasutervezo Vallalat foosztalyvezetoje (for Reczey).
2. Ut-Vasutervezo Vallalat-osztalyvezetoje (for Burkus).

RECZEY, Gusztav, a muszaki tudományok kandidátusa

Methods for making long-range energy balance sheets. Energia es atom  
15 no.9:387-393 S '62.

1. Országos Energiagazdálkodási Hatoság.

RECZEY, Gusztav, dr.techn.

Mechanization questions of the construction industry in long-range planning. Epites szemle 6 no.12:357-359 '62.

1. Epitesugyi Miniszterium Exportfovallalkozo Iroda fomernoke.

RECZEY, Gusztav, dr. techn., a muszaki tudományok kandidátusa

Solving power economy questions by means of the balance of the branch connections. Energia es atom 14, no.8/9:351-356  
S '61.

RECZEY, Gusztav, dr..

Newer solutions for asphalt mixers in the German Democratic Republic. Jarmu mezo gap 9 no.5:193-196 My '62.

RECZEY, G., Kandidat der Technischen Wissenschaften

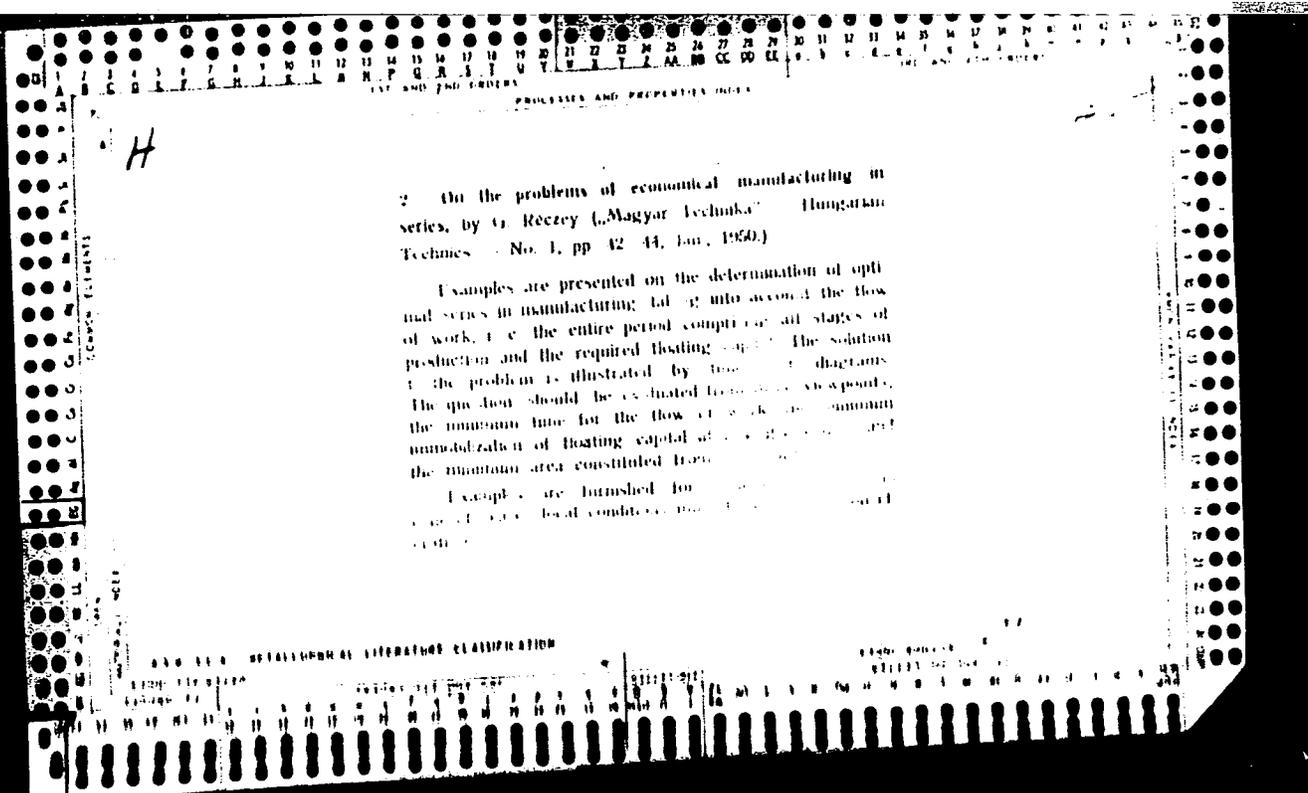
Methods for developing optimum efficiency mechanization in the  
building industry. Acta techn Hung 31 no.1/2:147-174 '60.  
(EEAI 10:3)

1. Entwurfsburo fur des Verkehrs- und Transportwesen, Budapest.  
(Building)

RECZEY, G.

Laszlo Denke's Foldmunkagepek (Machines for Earthwork); a book review. p. 47.  
(Melyepitestudoományi Szemle, Budapest, Vol. 5, no. 1, Jan. 1955)

SG: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 1, Jan. 1955, Uncl.



MORA, Sandor, dr.; RECZEY, Jeno, dr.; ZIMANDY, Aranka, dr.

Antibiotic sensitivity and resistance in ambulatory surgery. Orv.  
hetil. 103 no.7:304-305 18 F '62.

1. Szanto Kovacs Janos utcai Rendelointezet, Sebeszeti Osztaly es  
Laboratorium.

(ANTIBIOTICS ther) (SURGERY ther)

HEBANK, J.

refabricated pipes. p.25.

(BULGONICING WILJKA. Vol. 9, No. 5, May 1957. Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EMAL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 10, October 1957. Uncl.

RECZKO, J.

"Architecture of prefabricated elements", P. 30. (BUDOWNICTWO WIEJSKIE,  
Vol. 6, No. 4, July/August, Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4,  
No. 1, Jan. 1955, Uncl.

1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971.

histological and clinical aspects of adrenal cortex and  
epinephrine of the primary glands. (Proc. Acad. Sci. USSR  
1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971.)

Prof. Dr. med. J. Baranowski, 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971.  
Prof. Dr. med. J. Baranowski, 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971.  
Prof. Dr. med. J. Baranowski, 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971. 1971.

PECZYK, Julianna; GOETZEN, Bogdan

Sialographic and corrosive studies on the ducts of the parotid and submaxillary glands. Czas. stomat. 18 no.8/9:1085-1091 Ag-S '65.

1. Z Kliniki Chirurgii Szczekowo-Twarzowej AM w Lodzi (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. J. Bardach) i z Pracowni Anatomicznej Oddzialu Stomatologicznego AM w Lodzi (Kierownik: dr. med. E. Goetzen).

SOBOTKOWSKI, Kazimierz; RECZYK, Julianna

Value of radiological tests in the diagnosis and differentiation of pathological processes of the salivary glands. Pol. przegl. radiol. 29 no.3:257-265 My-Je '65.

1. Z Zakladu Radiologii AM w Lodzi (p.o. Kierownik: dr. med. K. Sobotkowski) i z Kliniki Chirurgii Szczekowo-Twarzowej AM w Lodzi (Kierownik: doc. dr. med. J. Bardach).

ACC NR: AP6032359

(A)

SOURCE CODE: PC/CO35/65/COO/G14/0443/0443

INVENTOR: Ręda, Tadeusz (Master Engineer); Golobioski, Sławomir; Walasek, Mirosław

ORG: Center for Motor Transportation Research, <sup>Wspólny</sup> (Osrodek Badania Transportu Samochodowy)

TITLE: Testing diaphragm type fuel pumps for light fuels PO Pat. No. 50697

SOURCE: Przegląd mechaniczny, no. 14, 1966, 443

TOPIC TAGS: fuel injection, pump, ~~test~~ test facility, test method, ENGINE FUEL

ABSTRACT: The invention is a device for testing diaphragm feed pumps for light fuels driven by the shaft of a control engine or the shaft of an injection pump. The device, intended for testing diaphragm pumps of all types of motor vehicles, can constitute the equipment of a service station and of automobile repair establishments. The testing routine for pumps includes measurement of the vacuum at the suction end, measurement of the pressure at the delivery end, measurement of the pressure drop at the delivery end, and the output. As can be seen from diagram a, the fuel system of the installation consists of fuel tank 8 fitted with a level indicator 7 and an overflow basin with a grid 12 and a drain valve 11. The following elements are connected by fuel lines 14 to the tank: output measurement tank 5, fuel flow sight-glass 6, manometer 9 and vacuum gauge 10. At the same time the fuel flow to the pump being tested 13 is regulated by two-way valve 1 and by the three three-way valves 2, 3, and 4 connected to a special system. As an example the method of measuring the output of pump 13 is given below.

Card 1/2

ACC NR:AP6032359

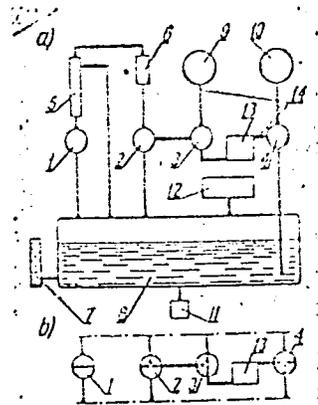


Diagram b illustrates the system of valves for this case. At the moment when the fuel column reaches the zero position on the scale of the output measurement tank, the stop-watch must be engaged. After 30 seconds the stop-watch must be turned off and the level of valve 2 must be switched on. Then the amount of fuel q must be read off the scale of the output measurement tank. The output of the pump tested can be computed from the formula  $Q = q \cdot 3.6/t$  where  $t$  is the measurement time in seconds. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

Diagrams a) and b)

SUB CODE: 13 / SUBM DATE: 15Mar66

HUNGARIAN

ROZSGONYI, Ferenc, Dr, REDAI, Imre, Dr; Medical University of Debrecen, Institute of Microbiology (Director: VAGSI, Lajos, Dr) (Debreceni Orvostudományi Egyetem, Mikrobiológiai Intézet).

"Changes in the Methicillin Sensitivity of Staphylococcus Aureus; Isolation of Methicillin-Resistant Staph. aureus Strains."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 107, No 43, 23 Oct 66, pages 2024-2027.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] In the course of testing 300 Staph. aureus strains between 1 May 64-1 May 65, 8 methicillin-resistant strains were isolated. The strains can be looked upon as having a natural resistance to methicillin. Previous to the culture of the bacteria, the patients received neither methicillin nor any other penicillinase-resistant penicillin-type compounds. The majority of the strains isolated by the authors cannot be typed with Staph. phages; thus they are different, in this respect, from the majority of the methicillin-resistant strains reported in the literature which belong mainly to the III. phage group. 2 Hungarian, 14 Western references.

1/1

- 35 -

ERZOSOWSKI, Wojciech, doc.dr. inz.; MIKOS, Michal, mgr.inz.; REDA,  
Janusz, mgr.inz.; WANG, Robert, mgr.inz.

Plasma torches for metal cutting. Przegl. spaw 15 no.10:  
216-222 0'63

1. Instytut Badan Jadrowych, Swierk k. Warszawy.

1963, Henryk, mgr 1963.

Mostostal Steel Structure Factory in Skierniewice. Urzugi mcom 22  
no. 7/6:224-245 10-85 sp '63.

1. Mostostal Steel Structure Factory in Skierniewice.

ACC NR: AP6032359

(A)

SOURCE CODE: PO/0035/65/000/014/0443/0443

INVENTOR: Reda, Tadeusz (Master Engineer); Golebioski, Slawomir; Walasek, MiroslawORG: Center for Motor Transportation Research, <sup>WARSAW</sup> (Osrodek Badan Transportu Samochodowy)TITLE: Testing diaphragm type fuel pumps<sup>27</sup> for light fuels PO Pat. No. 50697

SOURCE: Przegląd mechaniczny, no. 14, 1966, 443

TOPIC TAGS: fuel injection, pump, ~~test~~, test facility, test method, ENGINE FUEL, PUMP

ABSTRACT: The invention is a device for testing diaphragm feed pumps for light fuels driven by the shaft of a control engine or the shaft of an injection pump. The device, intended for testing diaphragm pumps of all types of motor vehicles, can constitute the equipment of a service station and of automobile repair establishments. The testing routine for pumps includes measurement of the vacuum at the suction end, measurement of the pressure at the delivery end, measurement of the pressure drop at the delivery end, and the output. As can be seen from diagram a, the fuel system of the installation consists of fuel tank 8 fitted with a level indicator 7 and an overflow basin with a grid 12 and a drain valve 11. The following elements are connected by fuel lines 14 to the tank: output measurement tank 5, fuel flow sight-glass 6, manometer 9 and vacuum gauge 10. At the same time the fuel flow to the pump being tested 13 is regulated by two-way valve 1 and by the three three-way valves 2, 3, and 4 connected to a special system. As an example the method of measuring the output of pump 13 is given below.

Card 1/2

ACC NR:AP6032359

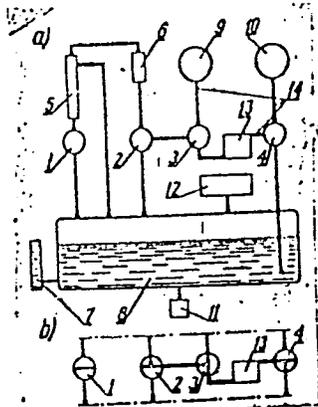


Diagram b illustrates the system of valves for this case. At the moment when the fuel column reaches the zero position on the scale of the output measurement tank, the stop-watch must be engaged. After 30 seconds the stop-watch must be turned off and the level of valve 2 must be switched on. Then the amount of fuel q must be read off the scale of the output measurement tank. The output of the pump tested can be computed from the formula  $Q = q \cdot 3.6/t$  where t is the measurement time in seconds. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

Diagrams a) and b)

SUB CODE: 13 / SUBM DATE: 15Mar66

Cont 2/2

REDA W.

POLAND/Magnetism - Ferrites and Ferrimagnetism.

F

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Fizika, No 3, 1959, 18073

Author : Braginski, Aleksander; Masiulonis, Jozef; Reda, Nitold

Inst : -

Title : Magnetically-Hard Barium Ferrites

Orig Pub : Przgl. tlelkomun., 1958, 3, No 8-9, 267-273

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

- 73 -

VACZI, L.; RETHY, A.; REDAI, I.

Fatty acids in enteric bacteria. Acta microbiol. acad. sci.  
Hung. 11 no.4:375-382 '64-'65.

1. Institute of Microbiology (Director: L. Vaczi), University  
Medical School, Debrecen.

VACZI, L.; MAKLEIT, Jolan K.; RETHY, A.; REDAI I.

Studies on lipids in *Pseudomonas pyocyanea*. *Acta microbiol. acad. sci. Hung.* 11 no.4:381-390 '64-'65

1. Institute of Microbiology (Director: L. Vaczi), University Medical School, Debrecen.

HUNGARY

VACZI, Lajos, REDAI, Imre, RETHY, Antal, KISS, Jolan; Medical University of Debrecen, Institute of Microbiology (director: VACZI, L.) (Debreceni Orvostudományi Egyetem, Mikrobiológiai Intézet).

"Studies of the Relationship Between Lipid Constituents and Biological Properties of Proteus Bacteria."

Budapest, Acta Microbiologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae, Vol XII, No 4, 1965/66, pages 319-326.

Abstract: [English article, authors' English summary modified] The total lipid and phosphatide content, and fatty acid spectrum of 5 different Proteus strains was examined. 1) The total lipid content varied between 5.5-7.5 per cent, their phosphatide content between 4-4.9 per cent. 2) All 5 strains contained 4 phosphatide components: cardiolipin, cephalin, lecithin and lysocephalin. The quantitative relationships varied with the individual strains. 3) The lipid components of the strains examined are built up from essentially the same fatty acids. The bulk is represented by myristic acid,  $\beta$ -OH-myristic acid, palmitic acid and fatty acids C17 and C19 containing cyclopropane rings. 4) There is a conspicuous prevalence of long-chain fatty acids and special fatty acids while unsaturated fatty acids are present in low quantities. 5) Conclusions were reached concerning the relationship between the quality and quantity of bacterial lipids, and bacterial membrane permeability and resistance. 2 Hungarian, 3 Western

references & manuscript rec'd 5/24/65

REDCHENKO, A.G.; SIVAY, A.V., dotsent; redaktor; SAMOKHVALOV, A.Ya.,  
redaktor; RUDENSKIY, Ya.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Operation of boring machines] Rabota na rastrochnykh stankakh.  
Kiev, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, Ukrain-  
skoe otdelenie, 1955. 225 p. (MIRA 8:6)  
(Drilling and boring machinery)

REDCHENKO, A.G.

The 2692 and 2692 Sh machines used for machining calibers used  
in pipe-rolling mills. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.10:19-21  
' 58. (MIRA 11:12)

(Machine tools)

REDCHENKO, A.G.

The 2K69-type pipe-cutting machine. Biul.tekh.-skon.inform.  
no.11:34-36 '58. (MIRA 11:12)  
(Pipe cutting)

REDEKHO, A. S.

N/5  
662.331  
.R3

Rabota na raslochnykh stankakh (Work on boring machines) Kiyev, Nashria,  
1955.

225 p. diars., tables.

REDCHENKO, A.G.

The 1827S - type roll lathe. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.6:14-15  
'58. (MIRA 11:8)  
(Lathes)

REDCHENKO, A.G.

The 9330M centerless lathe. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.7:21-22 '58.  
(MIRA 11:9)

(Lathes)

REDCHENKO, A. G.

Obrabotka detalei na prodol'no-strogal'nykh stankakh [Machining of parts  
on planers]. Kiev, Mashgiz, 1953. 10 p.

SO: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol. 6 No. 9 December 1953.

машинно, А. Г.

"Multi-Cutter Machining of Heavy-Frame Parts in Unit Production," Stanki i Instrument, No. 7, 1948.

LUCHANSKIY, L.N.; REDCHENKO, I.A.

Dispersion of carbon black in nitrocellulose solutions of lowered  
and low viscosity. Lakokras.mat. i ikh prim. no.4:80-83 '60.(MIRA 13:10)

1. TSentral'naya zavodskaya laboratoriya L'vovskogo lakokrasochnogo zavoda.  
(Nitrocellulose) (Carbon black) (Paint)

REDCHENKO, I.A., dotsent

Data on the vitamin C supply of women during the climacteric and postclimacteric periods. Ped., akush. i gin. 22 no.6:45-48 '60.  
(MIRA 14:10)

1. Kafedra akusherstva i ginekologii (zaveduyushchiy - dotsent Ye.Kh.Babadagli) pediatrichnogo i sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo fakul'tetov L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (direktor - prof. L.M.Kuz'menko).

(CLIMACTERIC)

(ASCORBIC ACID)

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Neuro-muscular Physiology. T-9

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 1, 1959, No. 3744

Author : Maksimovich, Ya. B.; Redchenko, I. A.  
Inst : L'vov Scientific Research Institute of Maternity and  
Child Welfare

Title : Clinico-Experimental Studies on Effect of Nicotinic  
Acid Upon the Contracting Function of the Pregnant  
Uterus

Orig Pub : Sb. nauchn. rabot L'vovsk. n.-i. in-t okhrany materin-  
stva i detstva, 1954, Vyp. I, 90-93

Abstract : In tests with the uterus of pregnant rabbits and guinea  
pigs, application of nicotinic acid in a dilution of  
1:100000 produced a sudden fall of tonus and a con-  
siderable decrease of the peristaltic movements in  
isolated lengths of uterus (isolation by method of  
Magnus-Kerera). Against the background of spastic

Card 1/3

63

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Neuro-muscular Physiology. T-9

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 1, 1959, No. 3744

contractions of the uterus that were induced by pituitrin, an antispastic, a relaxing influence of nicotinic acid on the uterus was noted. In situ experiments on animals (by the differentiated methods of Nikolayeva-Subbotina), nicotinic acid was given intravenously in amounts designed to create a blood concentration of 1:100000, or was introduced into the amnion in the form of a 1% solution. In both experimental groups, a rapid lowering of the tonus and a decrease of the peristaltic movements were noted, which, however, was less pronounced than in the tests with isolated segments. For recording of contractions of the pregnant uterus of a woman, a modified method of pneumohystero-graphy was utilized. Nicotinic acid in therapeutic doses (5 ml of a 1% solution) was injected intravenously. The depressing effect of nicotinic acid developed more slowly

Card 2/3

REDCHENKO, I.A., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk.

Experimental data on interoception of the pregnant uterus. Akush.i  
gin. no.1:8-13 Ja-F '54. (MLRA 7:6)

1. Iz kliniki akusherstva i ginekologii (zaveduyushchiy - professor  
A.V.Vikulov) i kafedry farmakologii (zaveduyushchiy - professor Yu.A.  
Petrovskiy) L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(Uterus) (Pregnancy)

ACC NR: AP7002176

SOURCE CODE: UR/0146/66/009/006/0031/0034

AUTHOR: Azimov, R. K.; Kopp, I. Z.; Mikhalenko, Yu. G.; Redchenko, I. V.

ORG: Leningrad Technological Institute im. Lensovet (Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskii institut); Central Boiler and Turbine Institute im. I.I. Polzunov (Tsentral'nyy Kotloturbinnyy institut)

TITLE: Methods of measuring rapidly changing temperatures

SOURCE: IVUZ. Priborostroyeniye, v. 9. no. 6. 1966, 31-34

TOPIC TAGS: temperature measurement, temperature instrument, thermocouple

ABSTRACT: A description is given of methods used to measure rapidly changing temperatures with the help of thermocouples. Continuous temperature pulsations averaging approximately 100°C were measured using Chromel-copel and Chromel-Alumel sensors with no protecting coating. The sensor thermoelectrodes were 0.2 mm in diameter; the hot thermocouple junction was 0.5 mm in diameter. A high degree of sensitivity and non-inertial measurement of small temperature drops was attained by applying dynamic correction of readings. This method permits measurement of temperature pulsations with a frequency of 15 cps with an accuracy of 0.05°C. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 4 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20, 14/ SUBM DATE: 16Dec65/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 002  
Card 1/1 UDC: 536.531

Redchenko, L. E.

1972 Polarographic determination of nickel and cobalt ions in absolute ethanol. Ya. G. Tur'van, G. E. Iuper and L. E. Redchenko. *Trudy Komiss. Anal. Khim. Akad. Nauk SSSR*, 1956, 7 (10), 162-169; *Ref. Zhur., Khim.*, 1957, Abstr. No. 12,088. -- The normal polarographic waves for Ni and Co could not be observed in a 0.1 M NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> soln. in abs. ethanol. In 0.5 M CaCl<sub>2</sub> soln., Ni gives extended waves, not suitable for quant. measurement, but the wave for Co is better delineated. A direct proportionality between the diffusion current and the concn. of Co was noted. In M NH<sub>4</sub>SCN soln. Co does not give a polarographic wave, while Ni gives a very clear wave, the diffusion current being directly proportional to the concn. of Ni. The electro-reduction of the nickel thiocyanate complex is irreversible. With a pyridine basal soln. the waves due to Ni and Co are very clear. In both cases there is direct proportionality between diffusion current and concn. of metal. The electro-reduction of the nickel and cobalt pyridine complexes is reversible. The half-wave potential of Co is 0.22 V lower than that of Ni, which allows the separate waves to be distinguished. The addition of pyridine to a soln. of CaCl<sub>2</sub> in ethanol leads to the conversion of the nickel and cobalt chloride complexes into the pyridine complexes. In all the examples investigated, except for 0.1 M NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>, there are no max. on the polarograms for Ni and Co, although no substances were added as maximum suppressors.

C. D. KOPKIN

4E2C  
4E4J

7

Redchenko, L.F.

USSR/ Analytical Chemistry - Analysis of Inorganic Substances G-2

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 12088

Author : Tur'yan Ya.I., Teper G.E., Redchenko L.F.  
Inst : Commission on Analytical Chemistry of the Academy of  
Sciences USSR

Title : Polarographic Determination of Nickel- and Cobalt-Ions  
in Absolute Ethanol

Orig Pub : Tr. Komis. po analit. khimii AN SSSR, 1956, 7(10),  
162-169

Abstract : In 0.1 M solution of  $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3$  in absolute  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$  it was  
not possible to observed normal polarographic waves of  
Ni and Co. In 0.5 M solution of  $\text{CaCl}_2$ , elongated waves  
were obtained for Ni which are unsuitable for quantita-  
tive determinations. The Co wave is better defined. A  
direct proportionality was noted between diffusion cur-  
rent and concentration of Co. In 1 M solution of  
 $\text{NH}_4\text{SCN}$  the Co in contradistinction to Ni produces no

Card 1/2

REDCHENKO, L.F.

Polarographic determination of nickel and cobalt ions in absolute ethyl alcohol. Ya. I. Tur'yan, G. E. Teper, and L. F. Redchenko (State Univ., Kishinev). *Trudy Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R., Inst. Geokhim. i Anal. Khim.* 7, 162-9(1956).—The polarographic behavior of Ni and Co chlorides in abs. EtOH and background electrolytes  $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3$ ,  $\text{CaCl}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_4\text{CNS}$ , and pyridine solns. was studied. As anode a mercury electrode (satt.  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  in EtOH) was used a capillary of the characteristic  $m^{1/4}/i = 1.45 \text{ mg.}^{1/4} \text{ sec.}^{-1/4}$  for Ni and  $m^{1/4}/i = 0.66 \text{ mg. sec.}^{-1/4}$  for Co. In the soln. of 0.1M  $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3$  the normal polarographic waves were not observed for both metals. Reduction was irreversible. In 0.5M  $\text{CaCl}_2$  soln. for Co, and in the M  $\text{NH}_4\text{CNS}$  for Ni, clear polarographic waves were obtained. Reduction was irreversible. In the soln. 0.5M  $\text{CaCl}_2 + \text{EtOH} + 0.5M$  pyridine both metals gave the characteristic waves. The half-wave potential for Co is 0.22 v. less than that for Ni and two waves were observed. In the all investigated solns. the polarograms were free of a max. although no depressant was added. The addn. of pyridine to the soln. leads to the conversion of chlorides complex of Ni and Co into the pyridine complex. The reduction process of the pyridine complex of both metals was reversible.

N. Charmandarian

*chem*

3

1000

TUR'YAN, Ya.I.; TEPER, G.B.; REDCHENKO, L.F.

Polarographic determination of nickel and cobalt ions in absolute ethyl alcohol. Trudy Kom.anal.khim. 7:162-169 '56. (MLBA 9:9)

I.Kishinevskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.  
(Polarography) (Nickel) (Cobalt)

USSR / Plant Physiology. Growth and Development

I

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 9, 1958, No 38937

Author : ~~Redchenko, V. P.~~

Inst : Agricultural Institute of Turkmenistan

Title : Biology of the Germination of the Seeds of Chenopodiaceae

Orig Pub : Tr. Turkm. s.-kh in-ta, 1956, 8, 267-274

Abstract : In the Department of Botany, laboratory experiments were carried out in the germination of seeds as affected by conditions of temperature, type of fertilizer, standards governing humidification, the nature and level of saline content, the duration of storage, and the time of sprouting, as well as the control of seminal renovation under natural conditions and within experimental limits. Studies were made of the biological characteristics of germination in 26 species.

Card 1/1

REDCHENKO, V. T.

USSR/ Physical Chemistry - Thermochemistry. Thermodynamics. B-8  
Equilibrium. Physicochemical Analysis. Phase Transitions.

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 3, 1957, 7480

Author : Palkin, A.P. and Redchenko, V.T.  
Title : Reactions of Salts with Metals in the Fused State.  
Reactions in the System  $PbCl_2 + Mg \rightleftharpoons MgCl_2 + Pb$ .

Orig Pub : Zh. neorgan. khimii, 1956, Vol 1, No 1, 133-144

Abstract : Thermic analysis was applied to the study of the substitution reaction  $PbCl_2 + Mg \rightleftharpoons MgCl_2 + Pb$ . The preparation of the raw materials is described and a description of the apparatus is given. The three-dimensional diagram shows the system to be singular, of the irreversible mutual substitution type, with separation of the phases. The diagram displays the special characteristics of its stable complex: presence of two phases, and linearity of the isotherm and of the elements of singularity. The reaction between Mg and  $PbCl_2$  proceeds practically to

Card 1/2

- 107 -

Card 2/2

- 108 -

REDECHKIN, I., polkovnik; KOVZEL', S., polkovnik

Act quickly and with coordination. Voen. vest. 39 no. 7:27-28  
Jl '60. (MIRA 14:2)

(Tactics)

REDECHKINA, Z.P.

Effect of some factors on the formation of the typhoid-paratyphoid fever carrier state. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 40 no. 8: 137-140 Ag '63. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Iz kafedry infektsionnykh bolezney s epidemiologiyey Saratovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

A. W. DIXON

"The problem of the utilization of more of the manganese ore for commercial  
engineering. In 1934 the Russian." Page 119 (AMERICAN OIL & SOFTENING. Series A  
AP. 1934 AA-7.07.1934, Series a 11-a, v. 7, No. 1, Jan./Mar. 1933, Bucaresti.)

10: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Library of Congress, Vol. 2, No. 10,  
Oct. 1933, Incl.

ACC NR: AP6031636

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0297/66/011/009/0840/0843

AUTHOR: Ferdinand, Ya. M.; Redechkina, Z. P.; Vozzhayeva, A. P.; Vetlugina, K. F.; Vevyur, N. A.; Zhigul'skaya, I. F. Borodzdenko, T. F.

ORG: Rostov-na Donu Scientific Research Institute of Epidemiology, Microbiology, and Hygiene (Rostovskiy-na-Donu nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut epidemiologii, microbiologii i gigiyeny); Department of Infectious Diseases, Astrakhan Medical Institute (kafedra infektsionnykh bolezney Astrakhanskogo meditsinskogo instituta); Department of Infectious Diseases, Saratov Medical Institute (kafedra infektsionnykh bolezney Saratovskogo meditsinskogo instituta); Hospital No. 10, Volgograd (bol'nitsa No. 10)

TITLE: Antibiotic therapy and chronic typhoid fever carriers

SOURCE: Antibiotiki, v. 11, no. 9, 1966, 840-843

TOPIC TAGS: typhoid fever, typhoid carrier, antibiotic ~~therapy~~, infective disease,

*drug + treatment*  
ABSTRACT: Antibiotic treatment does not eliminate all typhoid carriers, but the treatment is justified since the highest percent of carriers was found among untreated patients. Administration of antibiotics until the third week of convalescence sharply reduces the number of carriers. [WA-50; CBE No. 12]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 05Nov65/ ORIG REF: 008/ OTH REF: 001/  
Card 1/1 UDC: 616.927-085.779.931-07:616-008.97 (Bac. typhi)

REDDATIS, K.F., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Tasks of the metals and welding laboratories. Energetik 5 no.4:6-8  
Ap '57. (MIRA 10:6)

(Metals--Testing)

SZELI SS, László, KENNEI, Andras

Hot-rolled forgings of steels. Koh lap 98 no.1:7-8 Ja '65.

1. Iron Industry Research Institute, Budapest. 2. Editorial Board  
Member, "Kohászati Lapok" (for Szalecs).

REDEI, Anna; NAGY, Sandor

A micromethod for the determination of serum glucose and dextran.  
Kiserletes orvostud. 13 no.4:446-448 Ag '61.

1. Szegedi Orvostudományi Egyetem Korelettani Intezete.

(BLOOD SUGAR chem) (DEXTRAN blood)

REDEI, Andras, okl. kohomernok

Investigation of optical stress in rolling stands. Koh lap  
95 no.5:205-207 My '62.

1. Vasipari Kutato Intezet.

REDEI, Istvan (Chazar Andras utca 19, Budapest, XIV).

Control of bar forces of plane trusses. Muszaki kozl MTA  
33 no.1/4:177-195 '64

1. MAV Vasuttermezo U.V., Budapest.

FRISHSH, Ishtvan [Friss, Istvan], akademik; KHGEDYUSH, Andrash [Hegedus, Andras]; OZHVAL'D, Laslo [Ozsvald, Laszlo], kand. ekonom. nauk, nauchnyy sotr.; KOMLO, Laslo [Komlo, Laszlo], nauchnyy sotr.; REDEI, Aranka, kand. ekonom. nauk, nauchnyy sotr.; ALEKSA, M. [Aleksza, M.], red. izd-va; FARKASH, I. [Farkas, I.], tekhn. red.

[Material incentives in the national economy of Hungary]  
Material'noe stimulirovanie v narodnom khoziaistve Vengrii;  
sbornik statei. Budapest, 1962. 99 p. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Akademiai Kiado, Budapest. 2. Direktor Instituta ekonomiki Vengerskoy akademii nauk (for Frishsh). 3. Zamestitel' predsedatelya Tsentral'nogo Statisticheskogo upravleniya Vengrii (for Khgedyush). 4. Institut ekonomiki Akademii nauk Vengrii (for Ozhval'd, Komlo, Redei).  
(Hungary--Incentives in industry)

USSR/Agriculture

Card 1/1 : Pub. 42-3/11

Author : Redei, D; D'yerffi, B.; Mako, Y.; and Barotsi, Ye.

Title : Transformation of winter wheat into spring [wheat]

Periodical : Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. biol. 5, 46-54, Sep-Oct 1954

Abstract : Reviews Hungarian literature (1842 to present) in this field and gives results of experimental investigation of possibility of transforming winter wheat into spring wheat by planting seeds of winter wheat (previously sown only in fall) each spring and also sowing each spring thereafter seeds obtained in previous harvests. Two varieties of winter wheat were used: Bankuti 1201 and Al'ton. Experiments lasted from 1948 to 1953. Tables; photographs; sketches. Eight references, all USSR (1 since 1940).

Institution : Institute of Genetics, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest

Submitted : April 5, 1954

REDEL, G.

Spring wheat from winter wheat. G. Redel, B. Gofry, V. Mako, and E. Varocz (Notnytermels, 1953, 8, 227-237).-- Experiments with winter wheat sown in spring for several years are described. Most of the winter varieties sown in spring ripened in autumn and the % of successfully wintering plants from generations sown in spring decreased gradually showing loss of winter wheat characteristics. Changes of characteristics and morphological differences between the spring and autumn generations of the same varieties are discussed. (63 references)

S. K. LACHOWICZ

3